

STAY ABREAST

Sponsored by the Virginia Breast Cancer Foundation Presented by: Erin Steigleder, MSW



Founding of VBCF



Getting a mammogram every year can reduce a woman's chance of getting breast cancer.

True or False?

FALSE.

Mammograms do not prevent breast cancer, they only help detect it.

You don't have to worry about breast cancer if there isn't any on your mom's side.

True or False?

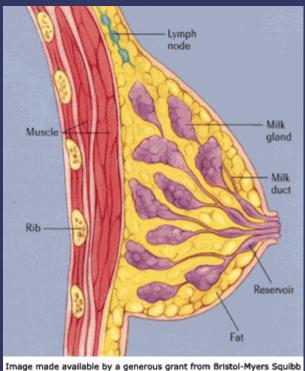
FALSE.

- 1. Father's family history matters as much as mother's.
- 1. 85% of people diagnosed with breast cancer don't have a family history.

How many milk ducts do women have in each breast, on average?

There are between 5 and 8 ducts in the average breast.

What is Breast Cancer?



Types of Breast Cancer



Breast Cancer Statistics 2022



Women: (US)

- 287,850 new invasive cases
- 43,250 deaths nationwide
- 7,600 cases in Virginia; 1,150 deaths
- Black women 5 year survival: 82%
- White women: 91%

Men: (US)

- 2,710 new cases
- 530 deaths

Men and Breast Cancer

- 100x less common in men
- Mostly ER+
- Most cases are invasive
- Obesity/alcohol use major risk factors
- Not as compliant with treatment



How Breast Cancer Is Usually Detected

- Self and/or Partner Detection
- Clinical Breast Exam
- Mammography
- Breast Ultrasound *
- Breast MRI *

Mammogram



A mammogram is a low-dose X-ray that can find cancers before they can be felt.

Q: When should you get a mammogram?

A: Whenever you and your doctor decide!

Having a mammogram is uncomfortable, **BUT** having one <u>too late</u> can really hurt.



Every Woman's Life Program

1-866-EWL-4YOU (1-866-395-4968)

Benefits of Early Detection

- May have more treatment options
- Improved survival rate
- 5 year survival rate
 - 98% if it has not spread
 - 23% if it has spread to other parts of body

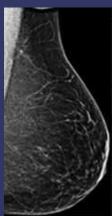
What am I Looking For?



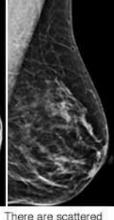
Risk Factors

- 1. Being born biologically female
- 2. Age
- 3. Genes
- 4. Dense Breasts
- 5. Menstrual factors
- 6. Hormonal birth control
- 7. A previous breast biopsy that showed abnormal cells or a false positive
- 8. Other health factors alcohol use, obesity, previous radiation treatment

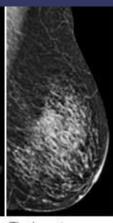
Risk Factor: Dense Breasts



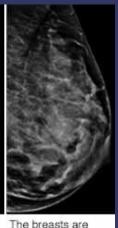
The breasts are almost entirely fatty



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The breasts are r heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses



extremely dense, which lowers the sensitivity of mammography

- 50% of tissue shows "white" on mammogram
 - Harder to spot cancerous tissue
- Increases risk of cancer
- 3D mammography (tomosynthesis)

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Differences Between Groups



- Racial/ethnic differences
- Sexual and Gender Minorities

These things DO NOT cause breast cancer...

- Deodorant/anti-perspirant
- Wearing/not wearing a bra
- Underwire bras
- Binding breasts
- Abortions
- Having larger breasts
- Caffeine
- Hair dye/straighteners*

- Living near power lines
- Tattoos on/near chest
- Cell phones
- Breast implants (textured)*

Reduce Your Risk

There is no way to PREVENT breast cancer, but these things could help:

- Exercise regularly
- Maintain a healthy body weight
- Eat plenty of fruits, vegetables and foods with fiber
- Don't smoke
- Limit alcohol intake to no more than 3 drinks /week
- Breastfeeding
- Avoid exposure to pesticides & chemicals

Clinical Trials

CLINICAL TRIAL AWARENESS



85% OF CLINICAL TRIALS FAIL TO RETAIN ENOUGH PATIENTS



80% OF CLINICAL TRIALS FAIL TO FINISH ON TIME



50% OF SITES ENROLL ONE OR NO PATIENTS IN THEIR STUDIES



40%

OF THE TOTAL US PHARMACEUTICAL CLINICAL TRIAL BUDGET GOES TOWARD RECRUITMENT (\$1.89B)



30% OF PATIENTS DROP OUT OF A CLINICAL TRIAL

Join the Fight! Volunteer - YOU CAN make a difference!

www.vbcf.org | 800-345-VBCF



Available at the DMV now!

Thank you! Questions?



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