

PREVENTING METABOLIC SYNDROME

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OBJECTIVES

01.

Learn what metabolic syndrome is and how it is diagnosed

02.

Discuss metabolic syndrome's impact on an individual's health

03.

Identify risk factors and symptoms

04.

Review healthy lifestyle changes for prevention and management of metabolic syndrome



WHAT IS METABOLIC SYNDROME?

Clusters of conditions that increase the risk of:

- Heart Disease
- Type 2 Diabetes
- Other health problems

	METABOLIC RISK FACTORS
Metabolic	Abdominal Obesity Waist Circumference > 40 inches men Waist Circumference > 35 inches women
Syndrome is	High Triglyceride Level Triglycerides ≥ 150 mg/dL
diagnosed when a person has 3 or	Low HDL Cholesterol Level HDL < 40 mg/dL men HDL < 50 mg/dL women
more metabolic risk factors	High Blood Pressure Systolic BP ≥ 130 mm Hg Diastolic BP ≥ 85 mm Hg
	Elevated Blood Glucose Fasting Glucose ≥ 100 mg/dL



WHY DOES IT MATTER?

Metabolic Syndrome increases your risk for:

- Heart Disease
- Type 2 Diabetes
- Stroke
- Kidney Disease
- Blood Clots
- Poor Circulation
- Viral Infections
 - Influenza
 - COVID-19





METABOLIC SYNDROME AND COVID-19

Metabolic disorders impair the immune response, increasing viral infection severity

 COVID-19 outcomes are often significantly worse for those with metabolic syndrome Metabolic syndrome is a risk factor influencing the progression and prognosis of COVID-19

 Many individuals diagnosed with COVID-19 have comorbidities related to metabolic syndrome



METABOLIC SYNDROME AND IMMUNITY



Obesity and its co-morbidities (metabolic syndrome, Type 2 Diabetes, and heart disease) are major health problems worldwide



Research has found that metabolic syndrome causes a substantial negative impact on the immune system

- Insulin resistance
- Chronic inflammation



Those who are immunocompromised are at an increased risk of serious illnesses



ARE YOU AT RISK FOR METABOLIC SYNDROME?

01.

23% of adult Americans are estimated to have metabolic syndrome

02.

Factors that can increase the risk of developing metabolic syndrome include

03.

- Age
- Race



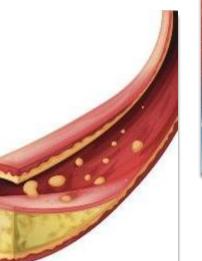
- Obesity
- Diabetes (Type 2, gestational)
- Cardiovascular disease
- Liver disease
- PCOS



WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS?

- Metabolic Syndrome typically has no signs or symptoms
- May experience symptoms of:
 - High blood pressure
 - High blood sugar
- If left untreated, complications can develop
 - Arteriosclerosis
 - Poor kidney function
 - Insulin resistance
 - Polycystic ovarian syndrome
 - Acanthosis nigricans









PREVENTION AND TREATMENT

- Know your numbers
 - Blood sugar
 - Blood pressure
 - Cholesterol
 - Body Weight
- Heart Healthy Lifestyle Changes
 - Aim for a healthy weight
 - Eat heart healthy foods
 - Get regular physical activity
 - Manage stress
 - Quit smoking

Do you know YOUR numbers?



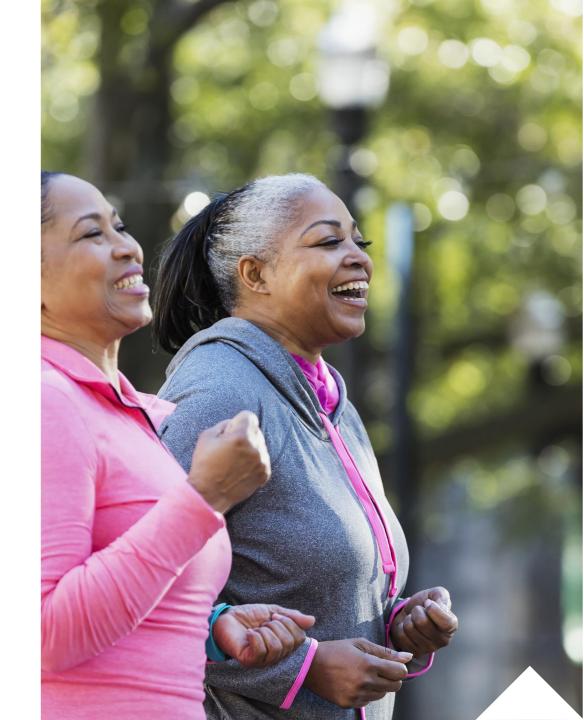






AIM FOR A HEALTHY WEIGHT

- Healthy weight for adults
 - Body Mass Index(BMI) = 18.5 24.9
 - Health benefits shown from losing just
 5-10% of your initial weight
- Energy Balance
 - If energy in = energy out, weight stays the same
 - If energy in > energy out, weight gain
 - If energy in < energy out, weight loss
- Safe weight loss is 1-2 pounds per week









KEEPING THE WEIGHT OFF

- Know you triggers
- Long-term effort
- Learn from others
- Build a social support network
- Plan healthy ways to motivate
- Hold yourself accountable
- Plan for setbacks



HEART HEALTHY EATING

- Eat a balanced, healthy diet
- Emphasize:
 - Fruits, vegetables, whole grains, fatfree/low-fat dairy, lean meats, poultry, fish, beans, eggs, nuts
- Limit
 - Trans/Saturated fat, cholesterol, sodium, added sugars, alcohol
- Be mindful of your daily caloric needs when making food choices





IMPROVING YOUR EATING HABITS

- Reflect
 - Specify your eating habits (good & bad)
 - Identify triggers for unhealthy eating
- Replace
 - Unhealthy eating habits with healthy habits
- Reinforce
 - New, healthier eating habits



REGULAR PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

- Regular physical activity is important for good health
- Weekly physical activity recommendations:
- Weight Maintenance (weekly)
 - 150 minutes of moderate aerobic activity or 75 minutes of vigorous aerobic activity
- Weight Loss (weekly)
 - 300 minutes of **moderate** aerobic activity







PREPARE FOR EXERCISE SUCCESS

- Dress for success
- Make the time
- Keep reasonable expectations of yourself
- Make it fun!
- Track and celebrate your success



MANAGE STRESS

- Stress can contribute to high blood pressure and other cardiovascular risks
- Healthy stress reducing activities:
 - Practice relaxation techniques
 - Take control of you schedule
 - Connect with friends and family
 - Seek help from a professional
 - Get enough sleep





SUPPORT SERVICES

Employee Assistance Program

Magellan Ascend 866-580-9046

www.MagellanAscend.com

Additional Resources

National Suicide Hotline 9-8-8 suicidepreventionlifeline.org

Services are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to provide assistance.



QUIT SMOKING

- Smoking is the leading cause of preventable death and disease in the United States
- Smoking causes 1 of every 3 cardiovascular disease deaths
- Secondhand smoke is harmful to those exposed to it
- Quitting smoking will improve overall health and reduce the risk for many other health issues



NO SMOKING





QUIT TIPS

- Consider nicotine replacement therapy
- Avoid triggers
- Delay cravings
- Keep your mouth busy with healthy snacks
- Be active
- Practice relaxation techniques
- Find support
- Remind yourself of "Your Why"
- Employee Assistance Program (EAP)
 - Magellan Ascend: 1-800-580-9046
 - QuitLines: 1-800-QUITNOW
 - National Cancer Institute Quitline: 1-877-44U-QUIT



LIVING WITH METABOLIC SYNDROME

- Living with metabolic syndrome is all about managing risk
 - Healthy lifestyle changes can help control your risk for:
 - Cardiovascular disease
 - Diabetes
- Your doctor may recommend medications if lifestyle modifications are not enough





SUMMARY

 Metabolic syndrome is described as a cluster of risk factors that increase the likelihood of chronic disease and viral illness Knowing your numbers can help you identify areas of risk Making healthy lifestyle changes helps to prevent and manage metabolic syndrome

• If lifestyle changes are not enough, consult your doctor for a treatment plan



QUESTIONS

- Contact us!
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 - Millennium Health and Fitness Website
 - https://www.millenniumhealthandfit ness.com/

